PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Σχηματισμός και χρήση

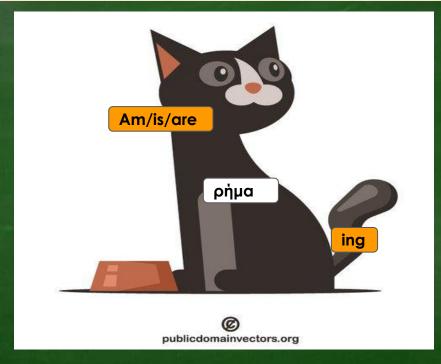
Olga Yainali



Σχηματισμός

Στην Αγγλική γλώσσα, όταν θέλουμε να πούμε τι κάνουμε τώρα,χρησιμοποιούμε τον Ενεστώτα Διαρκείας. Για να τον σχηματίσουμε, βάζουμε πρώτα το πρόσωπο, μετά το βοηθητικό ρήμα am / is / are και μετά το ρήμα με μια « ουρίτσα» στο τέλος του ρήματος. Η «ουρίτσα» αυτή είναι 3 γραμματάκια: - ing.

l am eating (Εγώ τρώω....τώρα) Φανταστείτε ότι είναι σαν μια γάτα, όπου το κεφάλι είναι το am/is/are, το σώμα είναι το **ρήμα** και η ουρά είναι το -ing.



ΚΑΤΑΦΑΣΗ

I am eating You are eating He is eating She is eating It is eating We are eating You are eating They are eating I'm eating You're eating He's eating She's eating It's eating We're eating You're eating They're eating

ΕΡΩΤΗΣΗ

Am I eating? Are you eating? Is he eating? Is she eating? Is it eating? Are we eating? Are you eating? Are they eating?

ΑΡΝΗΣΗ

I am not eating You are not eating He is not eating She is not eating It is not eating We are not eating You are not eating They are not eating

I'm not eating You aren't eating He isn't eating She isn't eating It isn't eating We aren't eating You aren't eating They aren't eating

ΕΡΩΤΗΣΗ και ΣΥΝΤΟΜΗ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΗ

Am I eating? Are you eating? Is he eating? Is she eating? Is it eating? Are we eating? Are you eating? Are they eating? Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. Yes, he is. / No, he isn't. Yes, she is. / No, she isn't. Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Yes, we are. / No, we aren't. Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.

Οταν το ρήμα τελειώνει σε **-e** , **διώχνουμε το - e** και βάζουμε -**ing**.

П.х. make – making



She is making dinner.

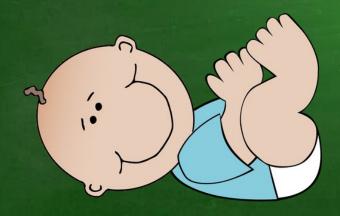
Όταν το ρήμα τελειώνει σε **σύμφωνο-φωνήεν-σύμφωνο** κι έχει 1 ή 2 συλλαβές αλλά **τονίζεται στο τέλος, διπλασιάζουμε** το τελευταίο σύμφωνο και προσθέτουμε – ing.

Π.χ put – putting, begin – beginning αλλά visiting



They are sitting.

Οταν το ρήμα τελειώνει σε **– ie** , **διώχνουμε το – ie**, βάζουμε **– y + ing**.



The baby is lying.

Όταν το ρήμα τελειώνει **σε ένα μόνο φωνήεν και -Ι ,**τότε **διπλασιάζουμε** το -Ι <mark>(μόνο στην Αγγλία !)</mark>

Π.χ. travel ---→ trave<mark>ll</mark>ing (BrEngl) αλλά traveling (AmEngl)



They are travelling.

Χρήση

Για πράξεις που γίνονται τώρα ή αυτό το διάστημα.



She is sleeping now.

Χρήση

Για προσωρινές καταστάσεις.





He lives in Athens but he is staying with me for a few days.

Χρήση

Για προγραμματισμένες πράξεις στο κοντινό μέλλον.



She is flying to London tomorrow morning.



Λέξεις-κλειδιά

- Now = τώρα
- At the moment = αυτή τη στιγμή
- today=σἡμερα
- tonight=απόψε
- This week/month/year...=αυτό το μήνα/εβδομάδα/χρόνο
- Tomorrow = αὑριο (ὁταν μιλάμε για το κοντινό μέλλον)

Make the -ing form of the verbs



begin

rub

listen

lie

swim

study

happen

get

use

admit

try

decide

come

put

Now check your answers!



begin ing rub ing listening ling swim ing studying happening

get ing u<u>si</u>ng admit ing trying deci<u>ding</u> coming put ing

What is he doing?





What are they doing?





What is he doing?





What is he doing?





What is she doing?





What are they doing?



Let's practise

